# Harmful behaviours online







### Some questions we will answer today:



What online harms are your children exposed to?

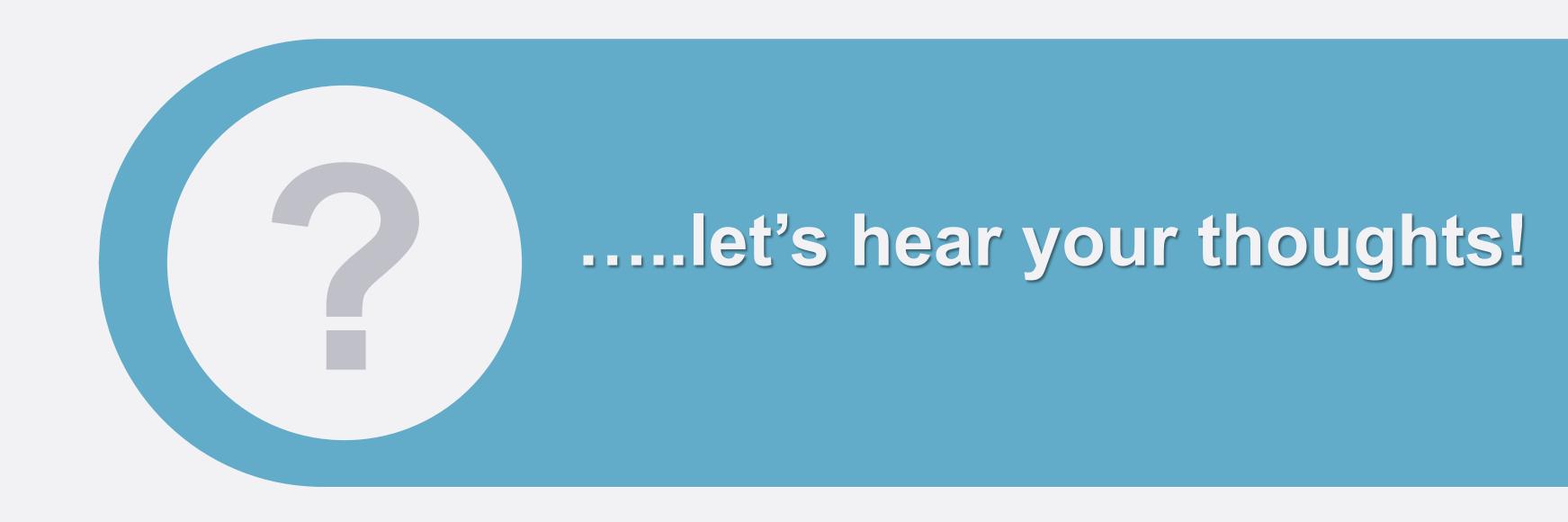


What can you do to protect your children and develop their resilience?



What to do if an incident occurs and where to get support?

#### Before we start.....

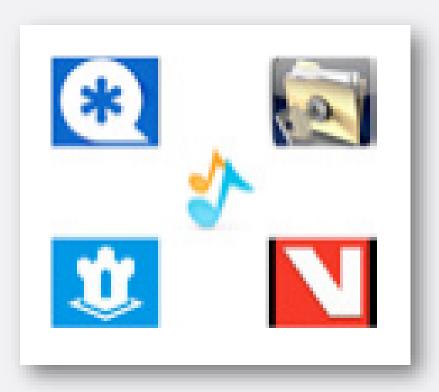














#### Children aged 10-13











64%

48%

44%

58%

21%

18%

#### Children aged 14-16











**Parents** 





62%







73% 38% OFFICIAL

**52%** 

**52%** 

**50%** 

50%



## What is a digital footprint?





#### Protecting your children from online exposure





## This is what we grew up with....



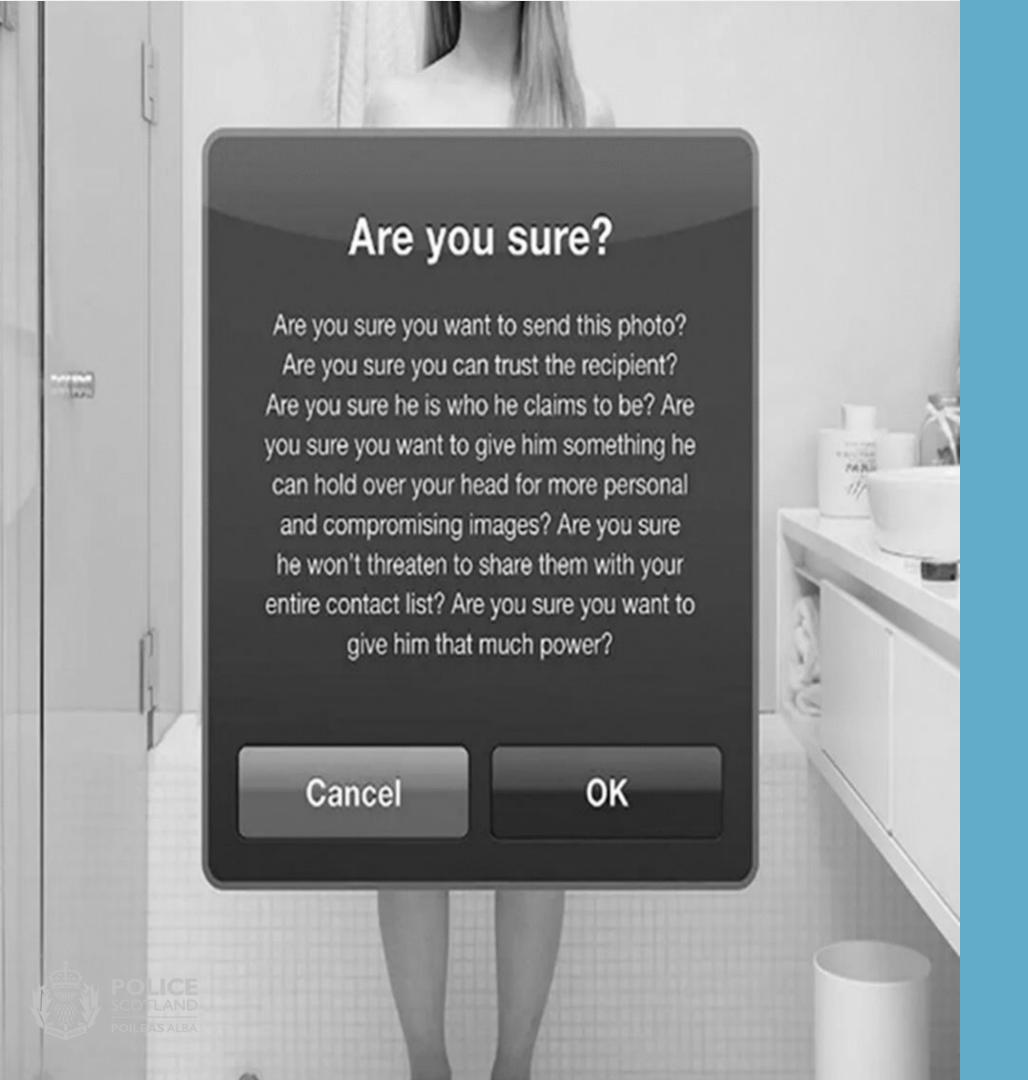


# ....and this is what children today are growing up with.







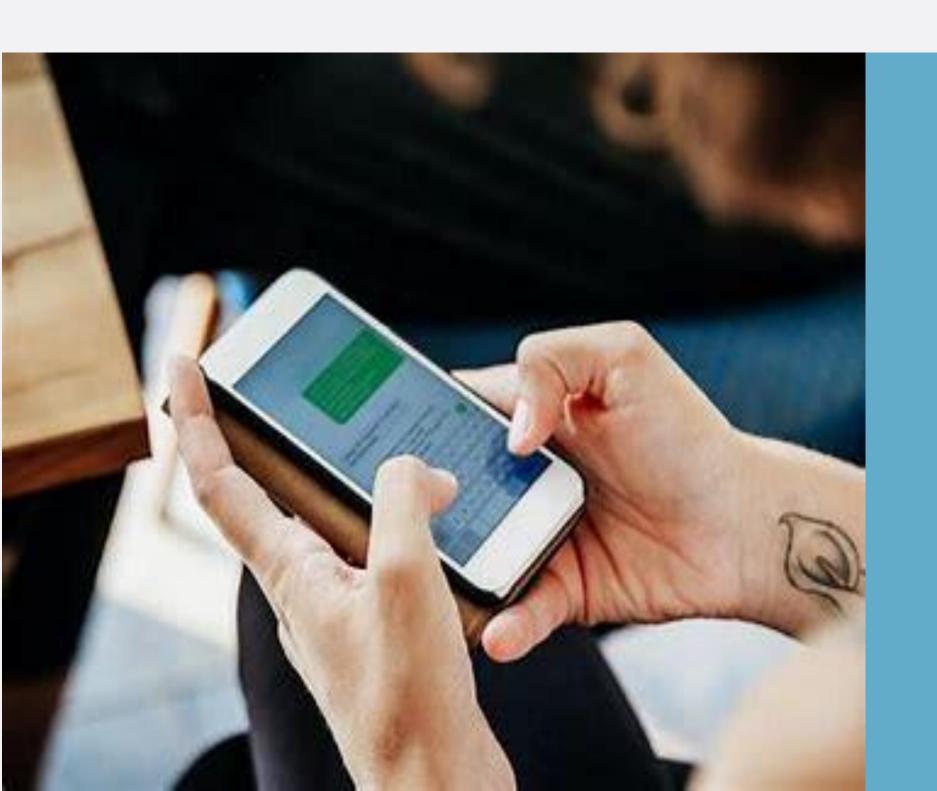


## 26% of the 14-17 year olds surveyed had sent a nude or sexual selfie to someone they were interested in

Source: Internet Watch Foundation

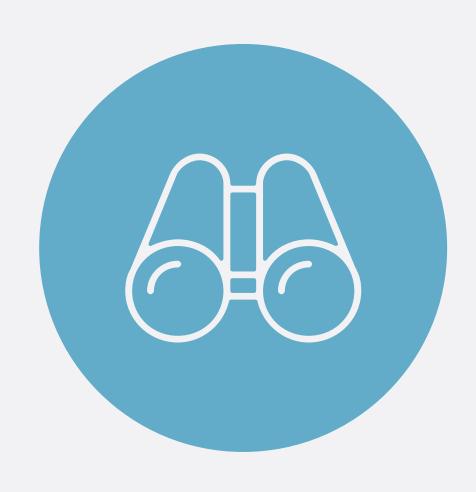


#### Sextortion....



....is financially motivated sexual extortion which involves the threat of sharing sexual information, images or clips to extort money from people, whether images actually exist or not.





# What should you do if your child is being sextorted?



If this has happened, your child has been a victim of a crime and it is not their fault



Do not panic. The police will take your case seriously.



Do not pay. In some cases, even when money is paid the criminals share the videos or images anyway.



Do not talk any further to the criminals. Screenshot any communication and profile details as evidence.



Report the incident. Report the matter to us by calling 101 and your social media platform website.



## More information about sextortion can be found on Police Scotland website:





#### Online grooming and sexual exploitation





A child can never consent to sexual abuse, regardless of how it took place. But they will have to live with the impact.

Source: Internet Watch Foundation

#### What can you do?

Develop a relationship of trust

Talk to them about image sharing

Use parental settings and strong passwords to keep accounts safe



Show interest in applications and platforms used by children

Have open and nonjudgemental conversations about online harms

Teach your children about support and help available to them



Secretive about who they're talking to and what they're doing online or on their mobile phone.

Have lots of new phone numbers, texts or email addresses on their mobile phone, laptop or tablet.







Distant, upset or angry after using the internet or texting.





Be informed



Have open conversations



Discuss risks



Explore together



Establish balance and boundaries



Monitor activity



Parental controls



Block and report



Set-up devices and accounts together



#### Ensure that:

You listen to them carefully



You let them know they've done the right thing by telling you



Tell them it's not you're fault

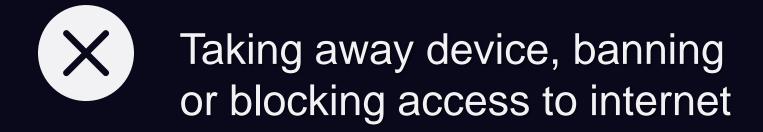


You explain the next steps and that you will need to report it



#### Avoid:









#### Help and support



#AskTheAwkward Helps you to prepare for conversations with your child about online harms.



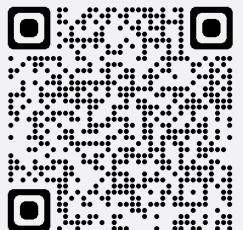


Tips and information on how to protect your child from dangers of online world.





Safety settings for your child's devices and apps and guidance to tackle online issues they may face.

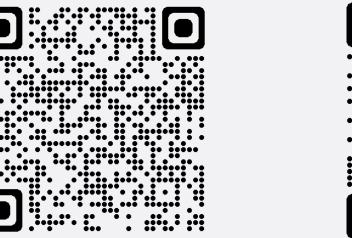


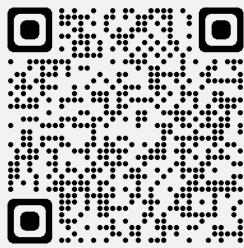


Useful information about apps and games your child may be using and what to look out for.



Tool for under 18s in the UK to confidentially report sexual images and videos of themselves and remove them from the internet.









#### Evaluation



